Homework 6

Due Friday, February 21, 2020

1. Define

$$f(x) = \int_2^x \sqrt{1 + t^2} \, dt.$$

- (a) (1 point) Why does f have an inverse?
- (b) (1 point) Evaluate $(f^{-1})'(0)$.
- 2. (2 points) Show that, for all $n \ge 1$,

$$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \ge \ln(n+1).$$

3. Evaluate the following integrals.

(a) (2 points)
$$\int \frac{x}{3-x^2} dx$$

(b) (2 points)
$$\int x \sec(x^2) dx$$

(c) (2 points)
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + x\sqrt{x}} dx$$

(d) (2 points)
$$\int \frac{\sec^2(2x)}{4 - \tan(2x)} dx$$

(e) (2 points)
$$\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{e^x + 1}} dx$$

(f) (2 points)
$$\int \frac{\sin(e^{-2x})}{e^{2x}} dx$$

4. (4 points) Define a function $A(x) = \int_1^x \frac{\ln(t) dt}{t^2 + 1}$. Prove that

$$A\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = A(x).$$

Hint: Use substitution.